

Current Transducer HAT 200 .. 1500-S

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed,..., with galvanic separation between the primary circuit and the secondary circuit.







Electrical data

	Type	Primary nominal	Primary curren	nt, Ro	HS sinc	e
		rms current	measuring rang	e 1) da	ate code)
		$I_{\scriptscriptstylePN}(A)$	$I_{\scriptscriptstyle{PM}}\left(A\right)$			
	HAT 200-S	200	± 600		47143	
	HAT 400-S	400	± 1200		46115	
	HAT 500-S	500	± 1500		46129	
	HAT 600-S	600	± 1800		46115	
	HAT 800-S	800	± 2400		46115	
	HAT 1000-S	1000	± 2500		46097	
	HAT 1200-S	1200	± 2500		77271	
	HAT 1500-S	1500	± 2500		46158	
$U_{\rm c}$	Supply voltage (±	5 %) ¹⁾	:	± 15		V
	Current consump	tion	:	± 15		mΑ
$I_{_{ m C}}$ $R_{_{ m IS}}$	Insulation resistar	nce @ 500 VDC	:	> 1000		$M\Omega$
V_{out}	Output voltage (A	nalog) $@\pm I_{PN}$, $R_{I} =$	10 kΩ, $T_A = 25$ °C :	± 4		V
R _{out}	Output internal re	sistance	••	100		Ω
R _L	Load resistance		:	> 10		kΩ

Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X	Accuracy @ $I_{\rm PN}$, $T_{\rm A}$ = 25 °C (excluding	ng offset)	≤ ± 1	% of $I_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{PN}}}$
$\boldsymbol{\mathcal{E}}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \perp}$	Linearity error $^{2)}$ (0 $\pm I_{PN}$)		≤ ± 1	% of $I_{\scriptscriptstyle{PN}}$
V_{OE}	Electrical offset voltage @ T_A = 25 °C	0	< ± 20	mV
$V_{\rm OH}$	Hysteresis offset voltage @ $I_p = 0$,			
	after an exc	cursion of 1 x $I_{_{\mathrm{PN}}}$	< ± 10	mV
TCV_{OF}	Temperature coefficient of V_{OF} -	40 °C + 80 °C	< ± 1	mV/K
02	+	80 °C + 105 °C	< ± 1.5	mV/K
TCV _{out}	Temperature coefficient of V_{out} (% of	reading)	< ± 0.1	%/K
t _r	Step response time to 90 % of I_{PN}		< 5	μs
d <i>il</i> dt	di/dt accurately followed		> 50	A/µs
BW	Frequency bandwidth 3 (- 3 dB)		DC 25	kHz

General data

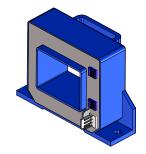
T _A T _S m	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature Mass Standards	- 40 + 105 - 40 + 105 300 EN 50178: 1997	°C °C g
	Standards	EN 50178: 1997 UL 508: 2010 4)	

Notes: 1) Operating at \pm 12 V \leq $U_{\rm C}$ < \pm 15 V will reduce the measuring range

- 2) Linearity data exclude the electrical offset
- ³⁾ Please refer to derating curves in the technical file to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency
- ⁴⁾ UL conform is only applicable @ T_A = 40 °C .. + 85 °C.

N° 74.02.44.000.0, N° 74.02.48.000.0, N° 74.02.50.000.0, N° 74.02.52.000.0 N° 74.02.56.000.0, N° 74.02.60.000.0, N° 74.02.62.000.0, N° 74.02.65.000.0





Features

- · Hall effect measuring principle
- · Insulating plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0.

Advantages

- Easy installation
- Low power consumption
- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- · High immunity to external interference.

Applications

- DC motor drives
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- AC variable speed drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies
- · Battery supplied applications
- Power supplies for welding applications.

Application domain

Industrial.



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Is	olation characteristics		
$U_{_{ m d}}$	Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50 Hz, 1 min	4.9	kV
$\hat{U_{w}}$	Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 µs	> 9.9	kV
**		Min	
d_{Cn}	Creepage distance	11	mm
$oldsymbol{d}_{ extsf{CP}} \ oldsymbol{d}_{ extsf{CI}}$	Clearance	11	mm
CTI	Comparative tracking index (group IIIa)	275	

Applications examples

According to EN 50178 and IEC 61010-1 standards and following conditions:

- Over voltage category III
- Pollution degree PD2
- Non-uniform field

	EN 50178	IEC 61010-1
$d_{Cp}, d_{Cl}, \hat{U}_{W}$	Rated insulation voltage	Nominal voltage
Basic insulation	1100 V	1100 V
Reinforced insulation	550 V	550 V

Safety

This transducer must be used in limited-energy secondary circuits according to IEC 61010-1.



This transducer must be used in electric/electronic equipment with respect to applicable standards and safety requirements in accordance with the manufacturer's operating instructions.



Caution, risk of electrical shock

When operating the transducer, certain parts of the module can carry hazardous voltage (eg. primary busbar, power supply).

Ignoring this warning can lead to injury and/or cause serious damage.

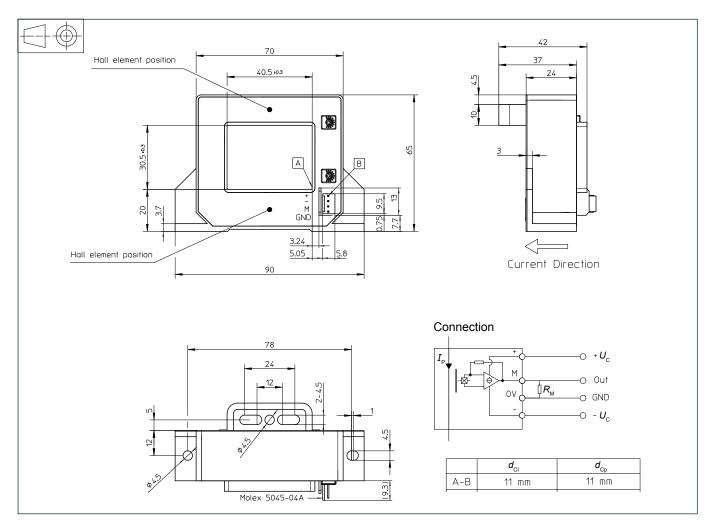
This transducer is a build-in device, whose conducting parts must be inaccessible after installation.

A protective housing or additional shield could be used.

Main supply must be able to be disconnected.



Dimensions HAT 200 .. 1500-S (in mm)



Mechanical characteristics

General tolerance

Transducer fastening

By base-plate or on busbar with M4 screws All slots Ø 4.5 mm 1.2 N⋅m (± 10 %)

± 1 mm

Recommended fastening torque 1.2 N⋅m (± 10 %)
• Connection of secondary Molex 5045-04A

Remarks

- $\bullet \ \ I_{_{\rm S}}$ is positive when $I_{_{\rm P}}$ flows in the direction of the arrow.
- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 105 °C.